Preparatory 3 Unit 1

1 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Dear Salma,

I'm so happy to hear that you and your family are visiting Bournemouth in England soon. All the hotels there are very modern and comfortable. You can find information about them at the tourist information centre. Bournemouth is next to the sea and it has a beautiful beach. When it's windy, you should definitely go windsurfing.

You should take a coat and jumper when you go to Bournemouth. It can be cold and rainy even in the summer! When it's sunny, you shouldn't go to the beach in the afternoon. Everyone goes then! It is best to go to the beach early in the morning, when it is quieter. You should try swimming too, but you should wear a *wet suit*. The sea is always cold.

Have a great time!

Catherine

1 Where is Bournemouth? .....

2 What clothes should Salma take and why?

.....

3 Why do you think it is quieter on the beach in the morning?

.....

4 The underlined word them refers to .....

a cities. **b** tourists. **c** hotels. **d** beaches.

5 The words *wet suit* mean clothes that you wear to .....

a keep warm in water. **b** keep cool in summer.

c make you float. **d** make you sink.

Preparatory 3 Unit 1

2 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

We are going on a boat trip today. It will be fun, but I know that some of you have not been on a boat before, so please listen carefully. The sea can be dangerous, so you should always do what I tell you.

You should wear warm clothes because it can be cold on the water. You should wear sun cream, too, because the sun is very strong today. You shouldn't wear a hat. It's always windy on the boat so your hat will probably blow into the water!

You shouldn't run on the boat. I don't want anyone falling into the sea.

Now, the *waves* are quite big today because it's windy. Some people feel ill on boats. You should tell me if you feel like that. Do any of you have any questions?

1 Who do you think is talking? .....

2 Why is the person giving this advice?

.....

3 What shouldn't you do on the boat and why?

.....

4 The word *waves* means ..... parts of water that move across the sea?

a higher **b** colder **c** hotter **d** lower

5 The underlined words like that refer to .....

a the waves. **b** feeling frightened.

c having questions. **d** feeling ill.

Preparatory 3 Unit 1

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 You _____ revise for the exam; it's my advice.
a must **b** should **c** shouldn't **d** mustn't

2 You _____ spend much time watching TV . It's a waste of time.
a must **b** should **c** shouldn't **d** can

3 What _____ I do to be better at English? –I advise you to practise more English.
a should **b** am **c** can't **d** must

4 It's _____. You should take some rest.
a necessary **b** advisable **c** a must **d** inadvisable

5 She should _____ the doctor's advice.
a follow **b** follows **c** followed **d** following

6 You _____ read this new story; it's recommended.
a must **b** should **c** can **d** mustn't

7 Please, tell me what I should and _____ do.
a has to **b** can **c** shouldn't **d** mustn't

8 What should I _____ to lose weight?
a do **b** doing **c** did **d** done

9 I'm able to solve this problem. This means I _____ solve it.
a can't **b** must **c** should **d** can

10 It's useful to take this medicine: you _____ take it.
a must **b** should **c** mustn't **d** shouldn't

11 Your lessons _____ well.
a should revise **b** should be revised **c** must revise **d** should be revising

12 It is a good idea. You _____ do more sports to keep fit.
a shouldn't **b** ought **c** ought to **d** ought not to

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. It's better for you. You must read your answer again.

2. You shouldn't follow my advice to improve your English.

3. Is it a must to go to hospital now? – No, but I think you must ask the doctor's advice later.

4. Which way must I take? – You had better take the highway.

5. What do you advice me to do?

6 Your teeth should brush after meals.

Preparatory 3 Unit 1

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I advise you to do more exercise. (should)
2. If I were you, I'd read this book. (should)
3. It's bad to spend so much time watching TV. (You …)
4. It's good for you to go to bed early. (I advise you …)
5. I want to keep fit, what do you advise me to do? (What should …)
6. You should avoid bad friends. (shouldn't)

Preparatory 3 Unit 1

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 You can find out information about the monuments of Luxor at the _____ information centre.
a tour **b** tourist **c** tourism **c** tours

2 The police _____ is next to the park.
a stop **b** platform **c** port **c** station

3 You should _____ snorkelling at Hurghada.
a take **b** make **c** try **c** buy

4 Tourists like to _____ scuba diving when they visit Hurghada.
a buy **b** take **c** make **c** go

5 Tourists like to _____ different activities when they visit Sharm al-Shiekh.
a make **b** do **c** leave **c** search

6 Young people like to go camping and stay at youth _____.
a hostel **b** hotel **c** motel **c** inn

7 Would you like to _____ shopping with me?
a do **b** go **c** play **c** make

8 I like music so much, so I want to go to _____.
a the stadium **b** the library **c** a café **c** a concert

9 Do you _____ going to the park?
a advise **b** let **c** recommend **c** ask

10 Some tourists prefer to buy a _____ to know information about the places they visit.
a notebook **b** guidebook **c** diary **c** book

11 I suggest that Ali _____ the lesson again.
a revises **b** revise **c** revised **c** will revise

12 Let's go _____ by the Nile.
a for walking **b** walk **c** walking **c** walks

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 We want to go for walking in this quiet street.

2 Staying in a hostel is much expensive than staying in a hotel.

3 Would you like to go at a tour into the old part of the town?

4 You should definite try this food; it's delicious.

5 Tourists like to visit ancient seats.

6 Tourists like to buy presents to remind them of the places they visit.

Preparatory 3 Unit 2

1 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Dr Ali studied birds. Every day, he visited the park near his house to study the birds there. He liked the north of the park, because few people went there. It was always quiet. He usually spent 30 minutes watching the birds. He wrote how many of kinds of bird he saw in his notebook. He usually counted about ten different kinds of bird.

One Monday, he looked at his notes from the last year. Each month, there were fewer and fewer kinds of bird. That day, he only saw four kinds of bird. This was the fewest yet.

He had a little time before he had to return to work. Perhaps he would see more kinds of bird. But he didn't. What was happening to them? He *rushed* to his office. He wanted to to tell everyone about the problem.

1 What is this text about? .....

2 Why do you think Dr Ali wanted to tell everyone about the problem?

.....

3 Why did Dr Ali go to the north of the park?

.....

4 One Monday, Dr Ali saw .....

a ten kinds of bird. **b** the fewest kinds of bird.

c four birds. **d** the most kinds of bird.

5 The word *rushed* means .....

a went somewhere quickly. **b** took a bus.

c walked carefully. **d** looked at.

Preparatory 3 Unit 2

2 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Until the 1960s, the Aral Sea was one of the biggest seas in the world. Today, you can walk across a lot of it. It looks like a desert. There are boats now lying on sand that was once the bottom of the sea.

The problem started in the 1960s when people started to irrigate the land around the Aral Sea to grow cotton. Every year after that, there was less and less water and the sea *became* smaller. Today, there is little water left in parts of the sea. In the east part, there is no water at all.

In the 1980s, the fishing village of Muynoq was next to the sea. Today, the nearest sea water is about 70 kilometres away. Few people in the village have the same jobs now. They have to find different jobs.

1 What is the problem with the Aral Sea?

.....

2 Why is the sea smaller now than in the past?

.....

3 Why do you think people in Muynoq have different jobs today?

.....

4 The word *became* means .....

a looked. **b** began to be. **c** wanted to be. **d** was made.

5 The underlined word that refers to .....

a cotton. **b** water. **c** the 1960s. **d** the Aral Sea.

Preparatory 3 Unit 2

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 We should spend _____ time watching TV.
a fewer **b** few **c** a **d** little

2 Samir has _____ money than me. I'm richer than him.
a fewer **b** few **c** less **d** little

3 There were _____ than 20 people on the bus.
a little **b** few **c** less **d** fewer

4 Students usually have _____ sleep during exams than they have during holidays.
a fewer **b** little **c** less **d** few

5 Sami is the poorest boy. He has the _____ money of his friends.
a few **b** least **c** less **d** fewest

6 There is _____ water in the lake because it was very dry this year.
a little **b** much **c** few **d** many

7 I want a book with _____ pages to read because I don't have much free time.
a less **b** much **c** few **d** many

8 This bottle has the _____ water; it has only a few drops of water.
a least **b** much **c** fewest **d** many

9 _____ people think that English is not a useful language. Most people believe it's very important.
a Less **b** Much **c** Few **d** Many

10 You should use _____ salt in your food than you do now.
a less **b** little **c** few **d** fewer

11. Ali got _____ marks in class; he is really clever and active.
a little **b** the fewest **c** the most **d** few

12 What is _____ time you have spent waiting for a bus?
a little **b** the fewest **c** few **d** the least

B. Read and correct the Underlined words:

1 Many sugar can make you ill.

2 I have little money than my friend.

3 I didn't revise many lessons; I revised only a lot.

4 In Egypt, many people study English, but the few study Spanish.

5 Poor counties have many disease than rich countries.

6 A few people listen to the radio, but even less people watch TV.

Preparatory 3 Unit 2

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I bought three books but Ali bought five. (fewer)
2. Salma has more money than Amal. (less)
3. All students got high marks. Only Adel got very low marks. (…fewer…than)
4. All students play football except for two students who play tennis. (the fewest …)
5. Many people speak English. Only a few people speak Japanese. (fewer than…)
6. Ali drank three glasses of water, but Rami drank only one. (less)

Preparatory 2 Unit 2

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 I prefer reading _____ stories.
a historic **b** history **c** historical **d** historian

2 I have more schoolwork to _____ today.
a make **b** do **c** think **d** agree

3 A _____ is the place where we can read or borrow books.
a library **b** laboratory **c** class **d** hall

4 I read a / an _____ about the new story I want to buy.
a view **b** interview **c** review **d** vision

5 What kind of story do you _____ to these children?
a advise **b** revise **c** recommend **d** ask

6 What is the _____ of the new book you want to read? – Ten Facts About the World.
a owner **b** author **c** address **d** title

7 He is trembling; he is _____ very hard.
a shaking **b** shaving **c** feeling **d** falling

8 He is very tired; he is _____.
a strong **b** weak **c** fat **d** fit

9 Nagib Mahfouz is my favourite _____.
a leader **b** player **c** writer **d** poet

10 The story Amal read made her _____ sad.
a think **b** do **c** feel **d** fall

11 _____! I have found my lost mobile.
a Unluckily **b** Unfortunately **c** Likely **d** Luckily

12 Samir likes reading _____ stories to know more about the work of detectives.
a love **b** crime **c** short **d** historical

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 I tried hard to answer the problem.

2 Few People have interesting in historical stories.

3 The story I read made me feel fright.

4 Farmer Grey bought Black Beauty to Squire Gordon.

5 Try to give a short summer of "Black Beauty."

6 You should try to drink a good number of water.

Preparatory 3 Unit 3

2 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Spring is celebrated in many different ways around the world. One of the most unusual spring festivals is in Gloucestershire in England. Here, hundreds of people watch the Cheese-rolling festival.

In this festival, a large cheese is rolled down a very big hill. People then run down the hill and try to catch the cheese. Few people catch the cheese because it travels at around 100 km/h!

The festival was started in the nineteenth century. It can be dangerous because many people fall when they run fast down the hill. It was stopped in 2009 because 15,000 people tried to watch it and that was not safe. However, the festival is celebrated in Gloucestershire again today.

1 Why do few people catch the cheese?

.....

2 Why can the festival be dangerous?

.....

3 Why do you think so many people want to watch the festival?

.....

4 The word *rolled* means move along .....

a like a ball on the ground. **b** very slowly.

c very fast. **d** in a noisy way.

5 The text is about ..... festival.

a an unpopular **b** a summer **c** an unusual **d** a walking

Preparatory 3 Unit 3

2 Read the following. Then answer the questions:

There are many festivals for spring, but there are also festivals for autumn. In England, one of the most important autumn festivals is the Harvest Festival. This celebrates the time when fruit, vegetables and crops are *harvested* in September or October.

In England, many crops only grow in the spring and summer when the weather is warmer. The crops are ready to eat in early autumn, when farmers are very busy bringing them in from the fields, ready for people to eat during the cold winter months.

In the harvest festival, children take fresh fruit, vegetables and other food to schools and put them in their classrooms. At this time, children sing songs and give thanks for the good harvest. After this, the food is put into boxes and is given to people who need it.

1 Why is the Harvest Festival in autumn?

.....

2 Why is the food from the Harvest Festival put into boxes?

.....

3 Why do you think crops don't grow in winter in England?

.....

4 The word *harvested* means .....

a collected. **b** eaten. **c** cooked. **d** cooled.

5 The underlined words At this time mean .....

a in the spring. **b** before school.

c during the Harvest Festival. **d** after school.

Preparatory 3 Unit 3

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Mobiles _____ everywhere.
a use **b** is used
c uses **d** are used

2 In Bosnia, eggs _____ in a big pan.
a are cooked **b** are cooking
c cook **d** was cooked

3 How _____ fish preserved in the past?
a is **b** are
c was **d** did

4. My car _____ yesterday.
a repaired **b** was repaired
c is repaired **d** was repairing

5 Sham el-Nessim was first _____ to celebrate the start of spring.
a hold **b** holding
c held **d** holds

6 Fish _____ in special freezers.
a is kept **b** is keeping
c keeps **d** keep

7 Special foods _____ in festivals.
a was eaten **b** are eating
c are eaten **d** eat

8 Bad habits _____ by good students.
a avoid **b** are avoiding
c are avoided **d** avoiding

9 My lessons are usually _____ before exams.
a revising **b** revised
c revise **d** revises

10 Few schools _____ in our city in the past.
a were building **b** were built
c built **d** are built

11 Who _____ by?
a the telephone is invented **b** is the telephone invented
c the telephone was invented **d** was the telephone invented

12 The plane _____ off an hour ago.
a was taken **b** took
c are taking **d** takes

Preparatory 3 Unit 3

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Few letters write nowadays.
2. Was your watch find yesterday?
3. Silly mistakes are repeating by careless students.
4. A large factory built near our village a month ago.
5. The internet uses all over the world.
6. Good food are always made by my mother.

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I travelled to Aswan in 2014. (ago)
2. It's Salma's habit to wake up very early. (used to)
3. Adel used to play football when he was young. (played)
4. It's my habit to watch the news in the morning. (always)
5. Many people speak English as a foreign language in Egypt. (usually)
6. Unfortunately, Ali never drinks milk. (not)

Preparatory 2 Unit 3

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Spring is a / an _____ time of the year.
a private **b** unknown **c** special **d** own

2 Sham el-Nessim is held to _____ the beginning of spring in Egypt.
a hide **b** celebrate **c** give **d** see

3 In Japan, people celebrate spring when flowers _____ on thousands of trees across the country.
a hide **b** appear **c** fall **d** take

4 In spring, people go outside and _____ picnics under trees.
a allow **b** see **c** have **d** do

5 To many people, flowers and eggs _____ new life.
a represent **b** present **c** give **d** take

6 The children wore historical _____ for the school play.
a uniforms **b** clothes **c** costumes **d** suits

7 In China, people decorate their homes with red paper _____.
a lanterns **b** clothes **c** walls **d** bags

8 Which countries _____ the longest day of the year?
a represent **b** celebrate **c** give **d** make

9 Many people like to freeze food to _____ it.
a cool **b** preserve **c** reserve **d** use

10 We walked in the street in a _____ to celebrate the start of spring.
a queue **b** group **c** line **d** parade

11 There is a nice _____ on the beach.
a breeze **b** wave **c** cloud **d** storm

12 I had a-five _____ holiday.
a day **b** days **c** day's **d** days'

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 You don't have to pay to go into the museum; it's <u>fare</u>.

2 On the feast, children like to wear <u>colour</u> clothes.

3 Who was the first pizza <u>discovered</u> by?

4 When is Mother's <u>week</u> celebrated?

5 Sham el-Nessim marks the <u>end</u> of spring.

6 In <u>conclude</u>, tourism is very important.

Preparatory 3 Unit 4

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 You _____ be Ali; he isn't tall like you.
a must **b** can't **c** might **d** should

2 You _____ be Amal's sister; you look very similar.
a must **b** can't **c** needn't **d** should

3 Hala _____ arrive late; I'm not sure
a must **b** can't **c** might **d** should

4 Kamel _____ spend the weekend in the country. He hasn't decided yet.
a must **b** might **c** mustn't **d** should

5 Who is knocking on the door? - He _____ be Adel; he usually returns home at this time.
a mustn't **b** might **c** must **d** can't

6 It's a gold watch. It _____ be very expensive.
a must **b** might **c** mustn't **d** can't

7 That _____ be a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth!
a must **b** might **c** mustn't **d** can't

8 Is this Amal's bag? - It _____ hers. Let's see if her books are in it.
a must be **b** might be **c** mustn't be **d** can't be

9 In the photo, everyone is wearing warm clothes; it _____ very cold there.
a must be **b** might be **c** mustn't be **d** can't be

10 Hatim is absent. He _____ ill, who knows?!
a must be **b** might be **c** mustn't be **d** can't be

11 It _____ easy to send an email if you don't know how to use the computer.
a must be **b** might be **c** mustn't be **d** can't be

12 You _____ joking! A camel can't fly.
a must be **b** might be **c** mustn't be **d** can't be

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Ali mustn't be mistaken. I'm sure he is right.

2 This must be my mobile; it is not the same kind like this.

3 Prices must go down, who knows?!

4 This can by Samir; Samir is abroad now.

5 STEM school students might be studying hard. I'm sure.

6 He has been working hard all day. He can't be tired.

Preparatory 3 Unit 4

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I'm sure Faten is ill. (must)
2. It's probable that Yaser will travel by train. (might)
3. Perhaps Amal is in the office now. (Amal…)
4. Hatim is definitely busy. (be)
5. Samir must be ready for the exam. (I'm sure that…)
6. It is certain that Rami isn't in the club. (can't)

Preparatory 3 Unit 4

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Scientists are trying to _____ the technology of the future.
a think **b** leave **c** avoid **d** develop

2 Using technology is essential." Essential " means _____
a important **b** unimportant **c** boring **d** bored

3 In STEM schools, teachers _____ students to do projects.
a encourage **b** discourage **c** refuse **d** frighten

4 In STEM schools, science lessons aren't the same lessons introduced in _____ schools.
a usual **b** unusual **c** usually **d** unusually

5 In STEM schools, all the lessons are _____ English.
a by **b** with **c** at **d** in

6 Expert teachers are the ones who have _____ experience.
a much **b** no **c** little **d** bad

7 STEM school students follow the _____ technology.
a latter **b** late **c** latest **d** least

8 _____ is something that allows mobile phones and computers to connect to the internet.
a Net **b** Laptop **c** E-book **d** Wi-fi

9 Can you tell me about the _____ of STEM school students?
a achieves **b** achievements **c** achievable **d** achieve

10 Only students who are very good at _____ can join STEM schools.
a Science **b** Science and maths
c Arabic **d** Social studies

11 Who _____ the telephone ?
a made **b** did **c** discovered **d** invented

12 Children should _____ how to develop their skills.
a learn **b** do **c** teach **d** make

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Ali must be at home. This sentence shows uncertainly .

2 We need date about the new project.

3 Our exports try to develop education.

4 STEM schools are private schools which focus on developing students' abilities .

5 STEM school students will be able to work in excited jobs.

6 He is an excellent scientist. He has great skilled.

Preparatory 3 Unit 5

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 I _____ ride a bike when I was seven.
a can't **b** was able **c** can **d** could

2 _____ Faten able to solve the problem?
a Can't **b** Was **c** Can **d** Could

3 How old were you when you _____ swim?
a can't **b** were able **c** can **d** could

4 The clever mechanic _____ to repair the very old car.
a can't **b** was able **c** can **d** could

5 I could drive my father's car when I was sixteen, but my brother _____ drive it until he was eighteen.
a can't **b** wasn't able **c** couldn't **d** could

6 After only three months, he _____ to read, write and speak English well; he is really intelligent.
a can't **b** was able **c** wasn't able **d** could

7 I was able to fix my computer; this means that I _____ fix it.
a can't **b** couldn't **c** could **d** didn't

8 When you were ten, _____ stand on one leg?
a could you **b** can you **c** were you able **d** do you

9 Gamal could _____ all his homework alone.
a does **b** did **c** do **d** done

10 I wasn't able _____ the heavy box yesterday.
a carry **b** to carry **c** on carrying **d** carried

11 Were you able to answer all the difficult questions? – Yes, I _____.
a can **b** wasn't **c** was **d** were

12 He could solve the problem. This means that he _____ the ability to solve it.
a can **b** had **c** has **d** could

B. Read and correct the Underlined words:

1 Is he able to swim when he was ten?

2 I can answer the easy question, but I couldn't answer the difficult one yesterday.

3 Leila was able ride her bicycle when she was nine.

4 The young boy could tidied his room well.

5 Did you able to draw that picture alone?

6 I wasn't able to drive the car, but I couldn't show my friend the way.

Preparatory 3 Unit 5

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Rami was able to make food alone. (could)
2. Could he repair the car alone? (Was he…)
3. Amany couldn't do the maths sums. (able)
4. When Hatim was ten, he had the ability to ride the bike alone. (could)
5. What were you able to do when you were twelve? (What could…)
6. Kamel succeeded in solving the very difficult problem. (able)

Preparatory 3 Unit 5

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. My brother couldn't _____ the maths exercise yesterday.
   a think **b** solve **c** make **d** do
2. Ahmad was clever; he could _____ all the answers to the sums.
   a thank **b** think **c** give **d** take
3. There are a lot of TV _____ that will show the final match on air.
   a channels **b** canals **c** studios **d** programmes
4. Hamdy _____ me to his birthday party.
   a invented **b** invited **c** saw **d** asked
5. A genius is a person with a very highly _____ brain.
   a natural **b** normal **c** developed **d** undeveloped
6. A / An _____ is a prize given for an achievement.
   a gift **b** crown **c** present **d** award
7. This course will help you to _____ your English.
   a improve **b** prove **c** remove **d** move
8. His English is very good. It helps him to study maths to a great _____.
   a mark **b** level **c** degree **d** height
9. If you go _____ the supermarket, please buy me two kilos of apples.
   a pest **b** post **c** paste **d** past
10. My friend studies computer _____.
    a programme **b** programming **c** programmer **d** programmes
11. Ali is genius _____ maths.
    a for **b** on **c** at **d** in
12. Aya is a six-year _____ pupil.
    a old **b** older **c** age **d** ages

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Hardware is a different system that is used by a computer.
2. He is intelligent. He learns things and understands slowly.
3. He could do great things although he is alone seven.
4. The athlete got a model for winning the race.
5. A lot of students study inline; they depend on the internet completely.
6. You are amazed, Adel! Great answer!

Preparatory 3 Unit 6

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 They asked _____ a difficult question.
a she **b** her **c** hers **d** to her

2 Ahmad sent _____ a nice present.
a to me **b** for me **c** me **d** mine

3 Take off your shoes. Take _____ off.
a him **b** them **c** it **d** its

4 Another email was sent _____ yesterday.
a to him **b** him **c** he **d** his

5 Who can answer these questions? – I can answer _____ well.
a him **b** them **c** it **d** its

6 I bought a mobile phone _____.
a my brother **b** my brother's **c** for my brother **d** to my brother

7 Here is Ali's book. – Can you _____?
a give it him **b** give it to him **c** give him it **d** give it for him

8 I sent _____ a message.
a my friend **b** for my friend **c** to my friend **d** his

9 Have you sent _____ the new book?
a she **b** for her **c** to her **d** her

10 The teacher rewarded the boys. He rewarded _____ well.
a theirs **b** their **c** them **d** him

11 Please, read _____ the latest news.
a I **b** for me **c** to me **d** me

12 Did you read the email I sent _____ yesterday?
a no pronoun **b** it **c** its **d** it's

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Type the reports and send <u>it</u> to the company.

2 I bought some flowers <u>to my uncle</u> who was in hospital.

3 I sent <u>to Rasha</u> my camera.

4 You must tell <u>to your parents</u> the truth.

5 If you see Ali, ask <u>he</u> to telephone me.

6 Have you listened to the news? – Yes, I listened to <u>them</u>.

Preparatory 3 Unit 6

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Maysa sent some flowers to Amal. (…sent Amal)
2. We give our relatives presents on holidays. (to our relatives …)
3. Did you receive a fax from the German company? (send)
4. I sent Dalia my email address. (I sent my email address …)
5. I like the present you bought your mother. (for)
6. I sent the manager the final report. (The final report …)

Preparatory 3 Unit 6

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Some robots _____ under water to study the sea.
a dive **b** drive **c** live **d** leave

2 Other robots are sent into _____ instead of people because it's dangerous work.
a wells **b** rocks **c** earthquakes **d** volcanoes

3 Personal robots are _____ to help people with jobs at home.
a done **b** designed **c** advised **d** refused

4 We use _____ to cut the grass in garden and parks.
a personal robots **b** vacuum cleaners
c lawn mowers **d** space robots

5 A / An _____ is a large place from which fire and rocks sometimes come out.
a well **b** storm **c** earthquake **d** volcano

6 A _____ is a machine that keeps your house clean.
a sea robot **b** vacuum cleaner **c** lawn mower **d** space robot

7 When water, _____ we can see steam.
a boils **b** freezes **c** increases **d** rises

8 The _____ got into the boat and used the oar strongly.
a driver **b** rider **c** pilot **d** sailor

9 The film was _____; I really enjoyed it much.
a unknown **b** terrible **c** fantastic **d** boring

10 In the past, some people were _____ at building boats.
a exports **b** experts **c** imports **d** reports

11 People _____ the sail in order to move boats faster.
a invented **b** discovered **c** refused **d** did

12 In the twentieth _____, oil was used to take powerful ships around the world.
a month **b** year **c** century **d** decade

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 People have used the river for transplant.

2 Ships could travel cross the sea to sell goods to other countries.

3 The ancient Egyptians used ears to move boats forwards.

4 Lawn movers are used to cut the grass in parks and gardens.

5 Personal rabbits are used to help people with jobs at home.

6 Some robots remove skillfully inside volcanoes.

Preparatory 3 Unit 7

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 You _____ take photos here. It's forbidden.
a must **b** mustn't **c** have to **d** don't have to

2 We _____ follow school rules.
a mustn't **b** have to **c** don't have to **d** shouldn't

3 Hala _____ go to hospital yesterday as she was ill.
a mustn't **b** must **c** has to **d** had to

4 You _____ see a doctor; you look so ill.
a have to **b** need **c** mustn't **d** must

5 Dalia _____ clean the house as her sister had already cleaned it.
a mustn't **b** don't have to **c** didn't have to **d** must

6. You _____ buy bread now; we have a lot.
a should **b** don't have to **c** didn't have to **d** must

7 How long did she _____ wait for the school bus yesterday?
a must **b** have to **c** had to **d** has to

8 You aren't allowed to park here; you _____ do it.
a mustn't **b** must **c** have to **d** had to

9 She _____ hurry. She isn't late for school.
a should **b** doesn't have to **c** didn't have to **d** has to

10 We _____ go to school on time.
a mustn't **b** don't have to **c** have to **d** has to

11 You _____ study biology to join the Faculty of Medicine.
a mustn't **b** must **c** have to **d** don't have to

12 We _____ travel to Alexandria; it was a must to go there.
a didn't have to **b** have to **c** had to **d** must

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 You <u>must</u> make noise in a library.

2 Did you <u>had</u> to travel alone?

3 You <u>mustn't</u> worry. The matter isn't serious.

4 I <u>have to</u> buy a present for Adel on his birthday.

5 You <u>must</u> follow traffic rules.

6 I <u>don't</u> have to do computer studies when I was at primary school.

Preparatory 3 Unit 7

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Nobody is using the tennis _____ , so let's play tennis.
a court **b** craft **c** crop **d** field

2 A long bit of metal or wood is called a _____ .
a Pavement **b** planet **c** plough **d** pole

3 Tennis can be a/an _____ Sport.
a Door **b** indoor **c** in door **d** at door

4 Some people believe that tennis was _____ by the French.
a Invented **b** made **c** done **d** discovered

5 The very first tennis balls were made _____ Leather.
a out **b** by **c** in **d** from

6 A tennis ball has to _____ 6.54-7.3 centimeters across the middle.
a weigh **b** count **c** measure **d** add

7 Basketball players are usually tall. _____ anyone can play it.
a However **b** Although **c** What **d** because

8 A tennis ball has to _____ 56-59.49 grams.
a Weigh **b** count **c** hit **d** add

9 It's often too cold to play _____ in Canada in winter.
a Outside **b** inside **c** out **d** indoor

10 In basketball, players have to _____ The ball into the basket.
a kick **b** score **c** throw **d** join

11 In football, the team that _____ the most wins the match.
a scores **b** throws **c** kicks **d** loses

12 it is easy to carry this bag. It's very _____ .
a light **b** unimportant **c** boring **d** popular

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 The opposite of outside is beside.

2 Mariam has got a trophy for losing the sports competition.

3 In the football game, the recommendation told the player that he did something wrong.

4 There were about 20,000 inspectors in the stadium.

5 Today, most tennis balls are made from rubbish.

6 I congratulated my opinion after he won the tennis game.

Preparatory 3 Unit 8

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 _____ is my favourite hobby.
a To swimming **b** Swimming **c** Swim **d** Swimmer

2 I was interested in _____ football when I was young.
a play **b** player **c** play **d** playing

3 Thank you _____ me.
a to help **b** helping **c** for helping **d** helping

4 This mechanic is good at _____ modern cars.
a repairing **b** repair **c** repaired **d** repairs

5 _____ very intelligent can help a person do amazing things.
a To being **b** Being **c** Be **d** For being

6 Einstein had problems with _____.
a reading **b** read **c** reads **d** reader

7 I'm fond of _____ novels.
a writer **b** wrote **c** writing **d** write

8 It's not easy to understand people's _____.
a felt **b** feel **c** feels **d** feelings

9 _____ is fun.
a To diving **b** Diver **c** Diving **d** Dives

10 My favourite hobby is _____ pictures.
a paint **b** to painting **c** painting **d** painter

11 Is he worried _____ the exam?
a passing **b** pass **c** on passing **d** about passing

12 I'm _____ my homework now.
a do **b** doing **c** done **d** did

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Are you interested in <u>watch</u> TV?

2 <u>Catch</u> fish is an exciting hobby.

3 Leila was able to <u>riding</u> the bike when she was nine.

4 Are you <u>tidy</u> your room now?

5 Are you keen on <u>help</u> others?

6 I refer reading to <u>watch</u> TV.

Preparatory 3 Unit 8

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Rami likes to watch TV. (interested)
2. My favourite hobby is to play tennis. (Playing tennis …)
3. Sara couldn't do the maths sums. (failed)
4. Do you prefer to play computer games? (Are you …)
5. Don't park here. It's not allowed. (Parking …)
6. To help others is a great thing. (Helping …)

Preparatory 3 Unit 8

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Being very _____ can help you to do amazing things.
a Intelligent **b** intelligently **c** controlling **d** enjoyable

2 Athletes usually have very strong _____ .
a music **b** muscles **c** mysteries **d** mud

3 People are intelligent in different _____ .
a gates **b** lines **c** roads **d** ways

4 Some people prefer to learn by drawing pictures or _____ .
a grams **b** diagrams **c** gyms **d** guitars

5 if you have a problem, ask for your parent's _____ .
a balance **b** afterwards **c** advice **d** advantage

6 Everyone should do 30 minutes of _____ exercises each day.
a chemical **b** souvenir **c** physical **d** software

7 Do you know how to _____ This computer?
a be **b** do **c** make **d** use

8 Pupils should _____ Different activities at school.
a do **b** make **c** stop **d** see

9 You need good _____ to ride a bicycle.
a place **b** police **c** balance **d** plans

10 Pupils should be quiet when they _____ tests.
a peel **b** make **c** draw **d** do

11 Scientists do different experiments to _____ animal's intelligence.
a count **b** measure **c** weigh **d** add

12 It's difficult to _____ Your car while it's raining.
a count **b** weigh **c** take **d** control

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Athletes are good at controlling their breathe.

2 A sail spends a lot of time working at sea.

3 The travel is that I don't know the answer to the question.

4 Mona always makes her homework after she has lunch.

5 What is the medal? You look worried, Amal!

6 It's difficult to understand people's fallings.

Preparatory 3 Unit 9

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 I asked him a question _____ he couldn't answer.
a whose **b** who **c** which **d** what

2 Ahmad, _____ father is ill, is really sad.
a who **b** whose **c** which **d** that

3 Adel, _____ is a kind manager, is respected by all.
a who **b** whose **c** which **d** that

4 The email _____ I received yesterday gave me exciting news.
a who **b** when **c** what **d** that

5 I don't know _____ your friend Hatim lives.
a where **b** when **c** who **d** what

6 I bought the mobile phone about _____ you told me.
a what **b** that **c** which **d** who

7 Winter is the quietest time _____ I can travel to Alexandria.
a where **b** when **c** what **d** that

8 I saw Ali in the new villa _____ he lives.
a that **b** which **c** when **d** where

9 This is the company _____ we work in.
a when **b** which **c** when **d** where

10 The teacher rewarded the boys _____ got full marks.
a where **b** whose **c** who **d** which

11 Zewail was the Egyptian scientist _____ discovered the femtosecond.
a when **b** whose **c** who **d** what

12 This is the novel _____.
a I read it **b** that I read it **c** which I read it **d** I read

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Type the reports <u>who</u> I told you about.

2 This is the laptop about <u>that</u> I told you.

3 I met Adel <u>who</u> father works as a general manager.

4 Ahram Hotel is the best place <u>when</u> he likes to stay during his holidays in Cairo.

5 I met Amal <u>who's</u> car was painted.

6 Have you listened to the news <u>who</u> was really surprising?

Preparatory 3 Unit 9

C. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. travelled to Hurghada. She spent a nice holiday there. (where)
2. Moneer is ill. He has to see his doctor. (who)
3. Did you receive the fax? I sent it yesterday. (that)
4. Rami went to the police station. His car was stolen. (whose)
5. This is the house where I live with my family. (which)
6. Ramzy sent beautiful flowers to his mother. (which)

Preparatory 3 Unit 9

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 People from many different countries can _____ in English.
a communicate **b** communication **c** collect **d** correct

2 The letter "i" has a _____ above it.
a top **b** dot **c** eye **d** drop

3 My cousin gave me a/an _____ to a family party.
a Congratulation **b** completion
c communucation **d** invitation

4 The football team was set _____ In 2017.
a off **b** in **c** up **d** on

5 we all need _____ to help protect our country.
a dolphins **b** soldiers **c** professors **d** spectators

6 The writing _____ of most languages uses different lines.
a survey **b** system **c** surname **d** measure

7 Can you work _____ What that new word means?
a out **b** off **c** up **d** in

8 Manal's sister plays the violin in a/an _____ .
a opponent **b** orchestra **c** nursery **d** oud

9 _____ people can read by using Braille.
a Blog **b** Brave **c** Blind **d** Broken

10 The _____ on the door said that the shop was closed.
a sink **b** size **c** soil **d** sign

11 which new sport would you like to take _____ next year?
a up **b** down **c** for **d** off

12 I'm _____ that I can't come to your house because I must finish my homework.
a frightened **b** frozen **c** afraid **d** please

B. Read and correct the underlined words:

1 Tarek cannot hear anything because he is dot.

2 To find the meaning of a word, you should look it down in the dictionary.

3 The computer is lightly broken, but we can still use it.

4 People who cannot hear can talk to each other in line language.

5 The moon is the same sheep as letter O.

6 Louis Braille made off signs for maths and music, as well as letters.